

GB - GREAT BRITAIN

Before you wear the shoes, please read these DIRECTIONS FOR USE carefully

These shoes are considered as PPE (personal protective equipment) of the performance category II and bears a CE label in accordance with the European Council Directive 89/686/EEC and, from April 2019, the European Regulation 2016/425.

General Information

Of course, the safety shoes fulfil the requirements of the EN ISO 20345:2011 and meet not only the basic requirements (SB), but also one of the applicable additional requirements (category S1, S2, S3), depending on the item. Consequently, your safety shoes are distinguished by high safety and wearing comfort.

Of course, the work footwear fulfils the requirements of the EN ISO 20347:2012 and meet not only basic requirements (OB), but also one of the applicable additional requirements (category O1, O2, O3), depending on the item. Thus you have selected a work footwear distinguished by high safety and wearing comfort.

Before you wear the shoes, pay attention to their correct fit.

The shoes are equipped with fastening systems. Please pay attention to a correct and appropriate use of this fastening.

Recommendations for care:

Leather is something special. Leather is a natural product featuring many special properties. It is really natural:

capable of stretching, durable, breathable, fits the individual shape of your foot and efficiently absorbs and desorbs moisture. Taking appropriate care of the leather is of great importance for maintaining the high quality of this material.

- After use, the shoes should be cleaned from coarse dirt.

- For the care of our leather shoes, normal shoe polish is only suitable to a limited extent. For shoes exposed to much wetness, we recommend a shoe-care product featuring a waterproofing effect, but not impairing the water vapour permeability and/or absorption.

- In the event of footwear made of textile materials, please remove stains with a clean cloth, pH-neutral soap and warm water. Never remove the dirt with a brush! This can damage the shoe material.

- If the shoes got wet during daily work, put them in an airy place and let them dry slowly. Never put the shoes on a heater or other heat source to dry them quickly. Otherwise, the leather will get hard and brittle. A proven method is stuffing the shoes with paper (for example, old newspapers).

- It is very good to have two pairs of shoes and wear them alternately, to let them dry enough time.

For further directions for care, please do not hesitate to contact us or your dealer from whom you purchased your shoes.

Important:

The lining materials of these shoes are of a high quality and partly coloured. They were selected with the greatest

carefulness. Lining materials may slightly discolour. For this case, we cannot bear any warranty.

Prior to each wearing, the shoes should be checked for externally visible damage (e.g. proper functioning of the fastening systems and sufficient profile height).

Please note that the selected shoes should be suitable for the applicable safety and protection requirements and the relevant application area. The user shall select the suitable shoes on the basis of his/her hazard analysis of his/her working area. For information in more detail, please contact the competent professional association. You can require the Declaration of Conformity for your product at the following email address: info@albaen.it.

The marking has the following meaning:

EN ISO 20345 Requirements for safety shoes / EN ISO 20347 Requirement for work footwear

SB / OB - basic shoe

S1 / O1 - base shoe; in addition: closed heel area, antistatic, energy absorption capacity in the heel area, resistance against fuels

S2 / O2 - base shoe; in addition: closed heel area, antistatic, energy absorption capacity in the heel area, water penetration and water absorption of the shoe upper part, fuel resistance

S3 / O3 - base shoe; in addition: closed heel area, antistatic, energy absorption capacity heel area, water penetration and water absorption of the shoe upper part, puncture resistance, fuel resistance, profiled outsole

S4 / O4 - base shoe; in addition: closed heel area, antistatic, energy absorption capacity heel area, waterproof boots, fuel resistance

S5 / O5 - base shoe; in addition: closed heel area, antistatic, energy absorption capacity heel area, waterproof boots, puncture-resistance, fuel resistance, profiled outsole

Explanation of the symbols:

P - puncture-resistance - A - anti-static shoes - HI - thermal insulation (up to a maximum of 150 °C for 30 min) - CI - cold insulation (up to -17°C for 30 min) - E - energy absorption in the heel area - WRU - water penetration and absorption of the upper part of the shoe - WR - Waterproof - HRO - Behaviour against contact heat (max. 300°C for 1 min) - M - metatarsal protection - CR - cut resistance (not against chain saw cuts) - AN - ankle protection - FO - fuel resistance - SRA - slip-resistance on ceramic tiles/ cleaning detergents - SRB - slip-resistance on steel plate / glycerine - SRC - slip-resistance on ceramic tiles / cleaning detergents and steel plates/glycerine <1

General:

The shoes shall only be used as safety shoes or work footwear. Using the shoes beyond this application area is not permissible. Code of standards DGUV 112-191 provides a good assistance for selection and use of safety shoes and work footwear. Depending on the version, the shoes shall be protected against such risks as moisture, impacts in the toe area (impact and pressure forces), penetration of foreign objects through the sole, slipping, electric charge, light cuts on the bootleg sides, heat and cold. The shoes provide for the scope of protection and safety stated in their identification label. Other risk and ambient conditions beyond this scope, for example, higher mechanical forces, very sharp objects, extremely high or low temperatures or influence by concentrated acids, alkalis or other chemicals, may impair the functional properties of the shoes. In such cases, you have to take additional protective measures.

Shoes labelled with SB, S1, OB or O1 should only be worn in dry areas. In wet areas and on open terrains, you need shoes labelled with O2 or S2. If there is a risk of penetration of sharp or pointed items (e.g., nails or broken glass), you have to wear puncture-resistant shoes labelled with O3 or S3.

Slip-resistance of the shoes was examined under laboratory conditions in accordance with the specified parameters. However, this does not mean an absolute guarantee for walking safely, as the latter depends on various influencing factors (for example, flooring or contamination). For the Schuh-Boden-Medium system, we recommend to try the shoes on their intended place of use.

Safety shoes according to EN ISO 20345 fulfil the requirement of resistance against impacts with energy of 200 Joule and a pressure load of 15 kN in the area of steel toe-protection cap. These are the basic requirements of the EN ISO 20345 standard. They are regarded as protection against falling objects for items of categories SB, S1, S1P, S2, and S3. They do not apply to items of the EN ISO 20347 categories OB, O1, O2, and O3, which do not protect against falling objects. Higher forces and loads can increase danger of toe bruising. In such cases, you should take alternative preventive measures into consideration.

The resistance against penetration of pointed objects into this footwear was tested in a laboratory using a standardized nail and applying a force of 1100N. Higher forces or thinner nails can increase the risk of penetration. In such cases, you should take alternative preventive measures into consideration. For PPE shoes, two general types of puncture-resistant shoe inserts are currently available.

These are metallic and non-metallic materials. Both fulfil the minimum requirements for puncture-resistance stated in the standards indicated on the shoes. However, each has its own additional advantages and disadvantages, including the following:

Metal:

Metal is less impaired by small pointed objects / danger (for example, diameter, shape, sharpness). Due to the restrictions of the shoe manufacturing process, the running surface of the shoe is not completely covered.

Non-metal:

can be easier, more flexible and will cover a larger surface than in the event of metal, but the puncture-resistance is very dependent on the pointed object shape/ danger (for example, diameter, shape, or sharpness of the object).

Provide for an appropriate storage and transportation of the shoes. Transport them in a carton and store them in a dry room. The shoes are marked with the date of manufacture. You can see it on the shoe tongue label. Basically, due to the large number of influencing factors, we cannot specify an exact usability period of the shoes. A roughly approximate period is 12 months from the shoe production date. Furthermore, the maximum usability period depends on the degree of wear, use, application area and external factors such as heat, cold, humidity, UV radiation or chemical substances.

For this reason, carefully check the shoes for damage before wearing them. Never use damaged shoes.

Directions on how to assess the damage

You should replace the shoes, if you see the following:

- the surface material starts to form strong and deep cracks deeper than 50% material thickness, or
- strong abrasion on the upper material, especially if the front cap or toe-cap is exposed, or
- you see deformation, burns and melting substances on the upper material, or
- the outsole has cracks larger than 10mm and deeper than 3 mm, or
- the upper material or outsole gets off by more than 15mm in its length and 5mm in its width, or
- profile depth in the bend area of the outsole is less than 1.5mm, or
- the original insole is significantly deformed or crushed, or
- when checking the internal side, you see destruction of the lining, or sharp edges of the toe protection.

Our recognized institutes for the identification and labelling of the personal protective equipment (PPE) of category II:

0465 - Ancisez. CIMAC, C.so Brodolini, 19 - 27029 Vigevano PV - I

0193 - PFI - PRÜF-UND FORSCHUNGsinstitut PIRMASENS E.V., Marie-Curie-Strasse 19- 66955 Pirmasens - D

0075 - C.T.C., 4 Rue Hermann Frenkel - 69367 Lyon Cedex 07 - F

0197 - TÜV Rheinland LGA Products GmbH, Tillystr. 2 - 90431 Nürnberg - D

0498 - RICOTEST, Via Tione, 9 - 37010 - Pastrengo (VR) - I

1775 - Centro Tecnológico do Calçado de Portugal, Rua de Fundões- Devesa Velha 3700 - 121 S. João da Madeira - PT

0362 - ITS Testing Services (UK) Ltd, Centre Court Meridian Business Park Leicester Leicester LE19 1WD - UK

Declaration of conformity available on the website www.albaen.it

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